

MPLS Traffic Engineering (Basic)

version 1.0

Terminology

TE tunnel: a unidirectional Label Switched Path (LSP) across an MPLS network

RSVP: Resource Reservation Protocol; the protocol used to establish MPLS TE tunnels

RSVP-TE: RSVP extensions for MPLS TE (RFC 3209)

CR-LDP: Constraint-based LSP setup using LDP (RFC 3212)

CBR: Constraint-based routing

Head-end: The router initiating an MPLS TE tunnel

Tail-end: The router on which an MPLS TE tunnel terminates

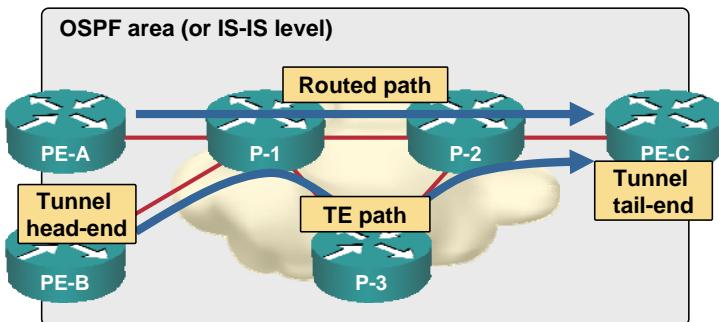
Standards

- [RFC 2702](#) Requirements for Traffic Engineering Over MPLS
- [RFC 4105](#) Requirements for Inter-Area MPLS TE
- [RFC 3209](#) RSVP extensions for MPLS TE
- [RFC 3212](#) Constraint-Based LSP Setup using LDP ⁽¹⁾
- [RFC 3630](#) Traffic Engineering extensions to OSPF version 2
- [RFC 5329](#) Traffic Engineering extensions to OSPF version 3 ⁽²⁾
- [RFC 5305](#) IS-IS Extensions for Traffic Engineering
- [RFC 4090](#) Fast Reroute extensions to MPLS-TE

⁽¹⁾ Not implemented in Cisco IOS

⁽²⁾ Not implemented in Cisco IOS as of February 1st 2009

Reference diagram



Common and interface configuration

```

ip cef
!
mpls traffic-eng tunnels
!
interface POS1/0
    description core link with MPLS TE
    bandwidth actual-interface-bandwidth
    ip rsvp bandwidth MPLS-TE-reservable-bandwidth
    mpls traffic-eng tunnels

```

Use **ip rsvp bandwidth percent number** if available.

Head-end tunnel configuration

```

interface Tunnel0
    ip unnumbered Loopback0
    tunnel destination remote-router-MPLS-TE-ID
    tunnel mode mpls traffic-eng
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng autoroute announce
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng bandwidth requested-path-BW
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng path-option 1 dynamic
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng priority 7 7 (1)
    mpls ip (2)

```

⁽¹⁾ Tunnel priority is optional

⁽²⁾ LDP over MPLS TE tunnels is needed to establish end-to-end LSP if the tunnel terminates on a P-router.

Tail-end configuration

```
mpls ldp discovery targeted-hello accept [ACL]
```

Required when running LDP over MPLS TE tunnel

Explicit path with dynamic backup

```

interface Tunnel0
    ip unnumbered Loopback0
    tunnel destination remote-router-MPLS-TE-ID
    tunnel mode mpls traffic-eng
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng autoroute announce
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng requested-path-BW
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng path-opt 1 explicit name PE-C
    tunnel mpls traffic-eng path-opt 2 dynamic
    !
    ip explicit-path name PE-C enable
    next-address P1-MPLS-TE-RID
    next-address P2-MPLS-TE-RID
    next-address P3-MPLS-TE-RID

```

OSPF configuration

```

interface Loopback0
    ip address IP-address 255.255.255.255
    ip ospf 1 area MPLS-TE-area
    !
    router ospf 1
        log-adjacency-changes
        mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
        mpls traffic-eng area MPLS-TE-area

```

IS-IS configuration

```

interface Loopback0
    ip address IP-address 255.255.255.255
    ip router isis
    !
    router isis
        net NSAP
        metric-style wide
        log-adjacency-changes
        mpls traffic-eng router-id Loopback0
        mpls traffic-eng level-1 | level-2

```

MPLS TE Resources

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Service Provider training | http://www.nil.com/go/Service+Provider |
| MPLS TE articles | http://wiki.nil.com/MPLS_TE |
| MPLS TE tips & tricks | http://blog.ioshints.info/search/label/traffic%20engineering |